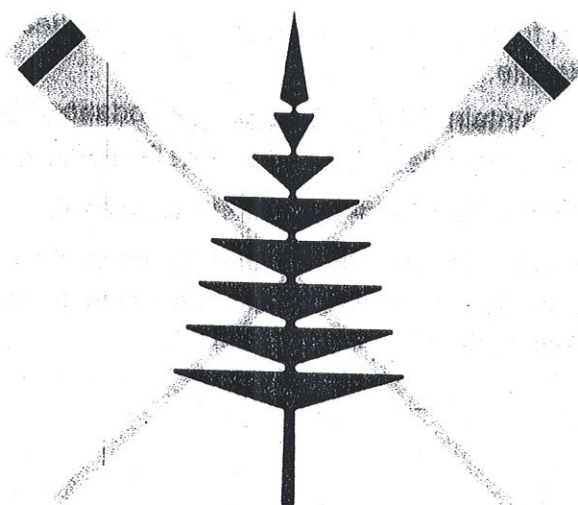


CONSTITUTION

PORT MACQUARIE ROWING CLUB



1.

THE PORT MACQUARIE ROWING CLUB ASSOCIATION INCORPORATED

NAME

The name of the incorporated association is "The Port Macquarie Rowing Club Association Incorporated" (in this constitution called "the Association").

OBJECTS

The objects of the Association shall be:

- 1) To promote and encourage amateur rowing and sculling.
- 2) To conduct such forms of social effort as the Committee may from time to time deem advisable.
- 3) To provide and maintain suitable boat accommodation for housing of shells and skiffs, motor boats and associated equipment.
- 4) To affiliate with New South Wales Rowing Association.
- 5) To do all such acts, deeds, matters and things and to enter into and make such agreements as are incidental or conducive to the obtainment of the objects of the Association.

INTERPRETATION

A. In these rules except in so far as the context or subject matter otherwise indicates or requires:

- 1) "The Association" or "The Club" means: Port Macquarie Rowing Club Association.
- 2) "The Act" means: the Association Incorporation Act 1984.
- 3) "The Regulation" means: the Association Incorporation Regulation 1999

B. In these rules unless the contrary intention appears:

- 1) "Committee" means: the Committee of Management of the Club.
- 2) "Financial year" means: the year ending 30th June.
- 3) "General Meeting" means: the general meeting of the Members convened in accordance with Rules 1(A)4, and Rules 27-32
- 4) "Member" means: a member of the Club.
- 5) "Ordinary Member of the Committee" means: a Member of the Committee who is not one of the designated officer bearers under rule 28.

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- 6) "The Act" means: the Associations Incorporation Act 1984.
- 7) "The Regulations" means: the regulations under the Act.

C. In these rules reference to the Secretary of the Club is a reference:

- 1) where a person holds office under these rules as Secretary of the Club - to that person; and
- 2) in any other case to the Public Officer of the Club

D. Words or expressions contained in these rules shall be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of the Acts Interpretation Act 1958 and the Act as in for from time to time.

APPENDICES

- A. Application for membership of association
- B. Form of appointment of proxy

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Part 1 – PRELIMINARY

RULE 1. Definitions

A. In these rules:

- 1) "Commissioner" means: the Commission of the Office of Fair Trading.
- 2) "Ordinary Member" means: a member of the Committee who is not an office bearer of the Association, as referred to in rule 14(2).
- 3) "Secretary" means: the person holding office under these rules as Secretary of the Association or
- 4) if no such person holds that office - the Public Officer of the Association
- 5) "Special General Meeting" means: a General Meeting of the Association other than an Annual General Meeting.
- 6) "The Act" means: the Associations Incorporation Act 1984.
- 7) "The Regulation" means: the Associations Incorporation Regulation 1999.

B. In these rules:

- 1) a reference to a function includes a reference to a power, authority and duty, and
- 2) a reference to the exercise of a function includes, if the function is a duty, a reference to the performance of the duty.

C. The provisions of the Interpretation Act 1987 apply to and in respect of these rules in the same manner as those provisions would so apply if these rules were an instrument made under the Act.

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Part 2 – MEMBERSHIP

RULE 2. Membership Qualifications

- A. A person is qualified to be a member of the Association if, but only if the person is a natural person who:
- 1) Has nominated for membership of the Association as provided by rule 3, and
 - 2) Agrees to abide with the club's Code of Conduct

RULE 3. Nomination for Membership

- A. A nomination of a person for membership of the Association:
- 1) must be made by a Member of the Association in writing in the form set out in Appendix 1 to these rules and accompanied by such fees as determined by the Committee.
 - 2) must be lodged with the Secretary of the Association.
- B. The Secretary must, on payment by the nominee of such fees as determined by the Committee, enter the nominee's name in the register of Members and, on the name being so entered, the nominee becomes a Member of the Association.

RULE 4. Cessation of Membership

- A. A person ceases to be a member of the Association if the person:
- 1) dies, or
 - 2) resigns membership, or
 - 3) is expelled from the Association.

RULE 5. Resignation of Membership

- A. A member of the Association is not entitled to resign that membership except in accordance with this rule.
- B. A member of the Association who has paid all membership fees in full may resign from membership of the Association by giving the Secretary written notice of at least 1 month (or such other period as the Committee

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may determine) of the intention to resign. On expiry of the notice period his/her membership terminates and the club is not responsible for refund of fees.

- C. If a member of the Association ceases to be a member under this Rule 5 Clause (B), and in every other case where a member ceases to hold membership, the secretary must make an appropriate entry in the register of members recording the date on which the member ceased to be a member.

RULE 6. Register of Members

- A. The Public Officer of the Association must establish and maintain a Register of Members of the Association specifying the name of each person who is a member of the Association together with the date on which the person became a member.
- B. The Register of Members must be kept at the principal place of administration of the Association and must be open for inspection, free of charge, by any member of the Association at any reasonable hour.
- C. A member of the Association may obtain a copy of any part of the Register on payment of a fee of \$1 for each page copied or another amount as determined by the Committee.

RULE 7. Fees and Subscriptions

- A. A member of the Association must, on admission to membership, pay to the Association a *joining fee* as determined by the Committee.
- B. In addition to any amount payable by the member under this Rule 7 Clause (A), a member of the Association must pay to the Association an annual membership fee as determined at the Committee meeting
- 1) before 31 July in each calendar year, except as provided by paragraph (2) below, or
 - 2) if the member becomes a member on or after 1 July in any calendar year - the payment will be made at the time of becoming a member, and then again before 31 July in each subsequent calendar year.

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- 3) If a member joins the Association after 31st December, the annual membership fee will be a pro rata proportion of the annual membership fee for the remainder of that financial year.

RULE 8. Members Liabilities

- A. The liability of a member of the Association to contribute towards the payment of the debts and liabilities of the Association or the costs, charges and expenses of the winding up of the Association is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid by the member in respect of membership of the Association as required by Rule 7 above.

RULE 9. Resolution of Internal Disputes

- A. Disputes between members (in their capacity as members) of the Association, and disputes between members and the Association, are to be referred to a Community Justice Centre for mediation in accordance with the *Community Justice Centres Act 1983*.
- B. At least 7 days before a mediation session is to commence, the parties are to exchange statements of the issues that are in dispute between them and supply copies to the mediator.

RULE 10. Disciplining of Members

- A. Any member may make a complaint to the Committee that a member of the Association:
- 1) has persistently refused or neglected to comply with a provision or provisions of these rules, or
 - 2) has persistently and willfully acted in a manner prejudicial to the interests of the Association.
- B. On receiving such a complaint, the Committee must:
- 1) cause notice of the complaint to be served on the member concerned,
 - 2) and give the member at least 14 days from the time the notice is served within which to make submissions to the Committee in connection with the complaint, and

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- 3) take into consideration any submissions made by the member in connection with the complaint.

C. The Committee may, by resolution, expel the member from the Association or suspend the member from membership of the Association if, after considering the complaint and any submissions made in connection with the complaint, if it is satisfied that the facts alleged in the complaint have been proved.

D. If the Committee expels or suspends a member, the Secretary must, within 7 days after the action is taken, cause written notice to be given to the member of the action taken, of the reasons given by the Committee for having taken that action and of the member's right of appeal under Rule 12.

E. The expulsion or suspension does not take effect:

- 1) until the expiration of the period within which the member is entitled to appeal against the resolution concerned, or
- 2) if the member exercises the right of appeal within that period, unless and until the Association confirms the resolution under rule 11(E), whichever is the later.

RULE 11. Right of Appeal of a Disciplined Member

A. A member may appeal to the Association in a general meeting against a resolution of the Committee under rule 11, within 7 days after notice of the resolution is served on the member, by lodging with the Secretary a notice to that effect.

B. The notice may, but need not, be accompanied by a statement of the grounds on which the member intends to rely for the purposes of the appeal.

C. On receipt of a notice from a member under clause (A), the Secretary must notify the Committee, which must convene a general meeting of the Association to be held within 28 days after the date on which the Secretary received the notice.

D. At a general meeting of the Association convened under this Rule 11, Clause (C) above:

- 1) no business other than the question of the appeal is to be transacted, and

PART 2 - MEMBERSHIP

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- 2) the committee and the member must be given the opportunity to state their respective cases orally or in writing, or both, and
- 3) the members present are to vote by secret ballot on the question of whether the resolution should be confirmed or revoked

E. If, at the general meeting the Association passes a special resolution in favour of the confirmation of the resolution, the resolution is confirmed.

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PART 3 - THE COMMITTEE

RULE 12. Powers of the Committee

A. The Committee is to be called the Committee of Management of the Association and, subject to the Act, the Regulation and these rules and to any resolution passed by the Association in general meeting:

- 1) is to control and manage the affairs of the Association, and
- 2) may exercise all such functions as may be exercised by the Association, other than those functions that are required by these rules to be exercised by a general meeting of members of the Association, and
- 3) has power to perform all such acts and do all such things as appear to the Committee to be necessary or desirable for the proper management of the affairs of the Association.

RULE 13. Constitution and Membership

A. Subject in the case of the first members of the Committee to section 21 of the Act, the Committee is to consist of:

- 1) the officer bearers of the Association, and
- 2) four ordinary members, each of whom is to be elected at the Annual General Meeting of the Association under rule 15.

B. The office bearers of the Association are to be:

- 1) The President
- 2) The Captain
- 3) The Vice Captain
- 4) The Treasurer
- 5) The Secretary
- 6) The Regatta Secretary

(Minimum size of Committee 9 people)

C. Each member of the Committee is, subject to these rules, to hold office until the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting following the date of the member's election, but is eligible for re-election.

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D. In the event of a casual vacancy occurring in the membership of the Committee, the Committee may appoint a member of the Association to fill the vacancy and the member so appointed is to hold office, subject to these rules, until the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting next following the date of the appointment.

E. Ordinary members of the Committee or other club member may be appointed to an office position such as Public Officer (mandatory) and other positions as the Committee deem necessary.

F. These office positions report to the Committee as required.

RULE 14. Election of Members

A. Nominations of candidates for election as office bearers of the Association or as ordinary members of the Committee:

- 1) must be made in writing, signed by two members of the Association and accompanied by the written consent of the candidate (which may be endorsed on the form of the nomination), and
- 2) must be delivered to the Secretary of the Association at least 7 days before the date fixed for the holding of the Annual General Meeting at which the election is to take place.

B. If insufficient nominations are received to fill all vacancies on the Committee, the candidates nominated are taken to be elected and further nominations are to be received at the Annual General Meeting.

C. If insufficient further nominations are received, any vacant positions remaining on the Committee are taken to be casual vacancies.

D. If the number of nominations received is equal to the number of vacancies to be filled, the persons nominated are taken to be elected.

E. If the number of nominations received exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled, a ballot is to be held.

F. The ballot for the election of office bearers and ordinary members of the Committee is to be conducted at the Annual General Meeting in such usual and proper manner as the Committee may direct.

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RULE 15. Secretary

- A. The Secretary of the Association must, as soon as practicable after being appointed as Secretary, lodge notice with the Association of his or her address.
- B. It is the duty of the Secretary to keep minutes of:
 - 1) all appointments of office bearers and members of the Committee the names of members of the Committee present at the Committee meeting or a general meeting
 - 2) and all proceedings at Committee meetings and general meetings.
- C. Minutes of proceedings at a meeting must be signed by the chairperson of the meeting or by the chairperson of the next meeting.

RULE 16. The Treasurer

- A. It is the duty of the Treasurer of the Association to ensure that:
 - 1) all money due to the Association is collected and received and that all payments authorised by the Association are made and
 - 2) correct books and accounts are kept showing the financial affairs of the Association, including full details of all receipts and expenditure connected with the activities of the Association.
 - 3) The monthly financial statement shall be publicly displayed as soon as practicable following each Committee meeting.

RULE 17. The Captain

- A. Subject to the control of the Committee, the Captain shall be the executive head of the Club.
- B. It is the duty of the Captain to oversee the proper day-to-day running of the rowing Club
- C. The Committee will extend to the Captain all authority needed to carry out this function, and to deal autonomously with any concerns or issues arising generally from the day-to-day running of the rowing Club, including specific concerns that may be raised by Club members.

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- D. The Captain may enlist assistance as required from any Club member.
- E. The Captain may from time to time, choose to refer concerns or matters to the Committee for resolution, as he/she deems fit.

RULE 18. Regatta Secretary

- A. It is the duty of the Regatta Secretary to facilitate race entries in Club sanctioned regattas.

RULE 19. Public Officer

- A. The Public Officer is responsible for lodging documents and is the primary contact in the Association.
- B. When the position of Public Officer becomes vacant, the Committee must appoint a new Public Officer and notify Fair Trading of these changes within 14 days. The Public Officer must also notify Fair Trading of any change to their address within 14 days.

RULE 20. Casual Vacancies

- A. For the purposes of these rules, a casual vacancy in the office of a member of the Committee occurs if the member:
 - 1) dies, or
 - 2) ceases to be a member of the Association, or
 - 3) becomes an insolvent under administration within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth, or
 - 4) resigns office by notice in writing given to the secretary, or
 - 5) is removed from office under rule 21, or
 - 6) becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or
 - 7) is absent without the consent of the Committee from all meetings of the Committee held during a period of 6 months.

RULE 21. Removal of a Member

- A. The Association in general meeting may by resolution remove any member

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of the Committee from the office of member before the expiration of the member's term of office and may by resolution appoint another person to hold office until the expiration of the term of office of the member so removed.

- B. If a member of the Committee to whom a proposed resolution referred to in this Rule 21 Clause (A) relates makes representations in writing to the Secretary or President (not exceeding a reasonable length) and requests that the representation be notified to the members of the Association, the Secretary or the President may send a copy of the representations to each member of the Association or, if the representations are not so sent, the member is entitled to require that the representations be read out at the meeting at which the resolution is considered.

RULE 22. Meeting and Quorum

- A. The Committee must meet at least three times in each period of 12 months at such place and time as the Committee may determine.
- B. Any member of the Committee may convene additional meetings of the Committee.
- C. Oral or written notice of a meeting of the Committee must be given by the Secretary to each member of the Committee at least 48 hours (or such other period as may be unanimously agreed on by the members of the Committee) before the time appointed for the meeting.
- D. Notice of a meeting given under this Rule 22 Clause (C) must specify the general nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting and no business other than that business is to be transacted at the meeting, except business, which the committee members present at the meeting unanimously agree to treat as urgent business.
- E. Any six members of the Committee constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of a meeting of the Committee.
- F. No business is to be transacted by the Committee unless a quorum is present and if, within half an hour of the time appointed for the meeting, a quorum is not present, the meeting is to stand adjourned to the same place and at the same hour of the same day in the following week.
- G. If at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour of the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting is to be dissolved.
- H. At a meeting of the Committee:

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- 1) the President or, in the President's absence, the Captain is to preside, or
- 2) if the President and the Captain are absent or unwilling to act, such one of the remaining members of the Committee as may be chosen by the members present at the meeting is to preside.

RULE 23. Delegation by Committee to Subcommittee

- A. The Committee may, by instrument in writing, delegate to one or more sub-committees (consisting of such member or members of the Association as the Committee thinks fit) the exercise of such of the functions of the Committee as are specified in the instrument, other than:
 - 1) this power of delegation, and
 - 2) a function which is a duty imposed on the Committee by the Act or by any other law.
- B. The sub-committee may, from time to time, exercise any function delegated to it under this rule, in accordance with the terms of the delegation and while the delegation remains unrevoked.
- C. A delegation under this section may be made subject to such conditions or limitations as to the exercise of any function, or as to time or circumstances, as may be specified in the instrument of delegation.
- D. Despite any delegation under this rule, the Committee may continue to exercise any function delegated.
- E. Any act or thing done or suffered by a sub-committee acting in the exercise of a delegation under this rule has the same force and effect as it would have if it had been done or suffered by the Committee.
- F. The Committee may, by instrument in writing, revoke wholly or in part any delegation under this rule.
- G. A sub-committee may meet and adjourn, as it thinks proper.

RULE 24. Voting and Decisions

- A. Questions arising at a meeting of the Committee or of any sub-committee appointed by the Committee are to be determined by a majority of the votes of members of the Committee or sub-committee present at the

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meeting.

- B. Each member present at a meeting of the Committee or of any sub-committee appointed by the Committee (including the person presiding at the meeting) is entitled to one vote, but, in the event of an equality of votes on any question, the person presiding may exercise a second or casting vote.
- C. Subject to Rule 22 Clause (E), the Committee may act despite any vacancy on the Committee.
- D. Any act or thing done or suffered, or purporting to have been done or suffered by the Committee or by a sub-committee appointed by the Committee, is valid and effectual despite any defect that may afterwards be discovered in the appointment or qualification of any member of the Committee or sub-committee.

PART 4 – GENERAL MEETING

RULE 25. Annual General Meetings – Holding of

- A. With the exception of the first Annual General Meeting of the Association, the Association must, at least once in each calendar year and within the period of 6 months after the expiration of each financial year of the association, convene an Annual General Meeting of its members.
- B. The Association must hold its first annual general meeting:
 - 1) within the period of 18 months after its incorporation under the Act, and
 - 2) within the period of 6 months after the expiration of the first financial year of the Association.
- C. Clauses (A) and (B) of this Rule 25 have effect subject to any extension or permission granted by the Commissioner under section 26(3) of the Act.

RULE 26. Annual General Meetings – Calling Of and Business At

- A. The Annual General Meeting of the Association is, subject to the Act and to rule 25, to be convened on such date and at such place and time as the Committee thinks fit.
- B. In addition to any other business which may be transacted at an Annual General Meeting, the business of an Annual General Meeting is to include the following:
 - 1) to confirm the minutes of the last preceding Annual General Meeting and of any special general meeting held since that meeting.
 - 2) to receive from the Committee reports on the activities of the Association during the last preceding financial year.
 - 3) to elect office bearers of the Association and ordinary members of the Committee, and
 - 4) to receive and consider the statement which is required to be submitted to members under section 26(6) of the Act.
- C. An Annual General Meeting must be specified as such in the notice convening it.

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- D. Quorum for an AGM will be taken to be not less than 30% of the current adult members listed on the membership register as at the date of holding the Annual General Meeting.

RULE 27. Special General Meetings – Calling of

- A. The Committee may, whenever it thinks fit, convene a Special General Meeting of the Association.
- B. The Committee must, on the requisition in writing of at least 5 percent of the total number of members, convene a Special General Meeting of the Association.
- C. A requisition of members for a Special General Meeting:
- 1) must state the purpose or purposes of the meeting, and
 - 2) must be signed by the members making the requisition, and
 - 3) must be lodged with the secretary, and
 - 4) may consist of several documents in a similar form, each signed by one or more of the members making the requisition.
- D. If the Committee fails to convene a Special General Meeting to be held within one month after that date on which a requisition of members for the meeting is lodged with the Secretary, any one or more of the members who made the requisition may convene a Special General Meeting to be held not later than three months after that date.
- E. A Special General Meeting convened by a member or members as referred to in clause (D) must be convened as nearly as is practicable in the same manner as general meetings are convened by the Committee and any member who consequently incurs expenses is entitled to be reimbursed by the Association for any expense so incurred.

RULE 28. Notice

- A. Except if the nature of the business proposed to be dealt with at a general meeting requires a special resolution of the Association, the Secretary must, at least 14 days before the date fixed for the holding of the general meeting, give a notice to each member specifying the place, date and time of the meeting and the nature of the business proposed to be transacted at the meeting.
- B. If the nature of the business proposed to be dealt with at a general meeting requires a special resolution of the Association, the Secretary must, at least 21 days before the date fixed for the holding of the general meeting, cause

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notice to be given to each member specifying, in addition to the matter required under clause (A), the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution.

C. No business other than that specified in the notice convening a general meeting is to be transacted at the meeting except, in the case of an Annual General Meeting, business which may be transacted under rule 24(D).

D. A member desiring to bring any business before a general meeting may give notice in writing of that business to the Secretary who must include that business in the next notice calling a general meeting given after receipt of the notice from the member

RULE 29. Procedure

A. No item of business is to be transacted at a general meeting unless a quorum of members entitled under these rules to vote is present during the time of the meeting is considering that item.

B. Seven members present in person (being members entitled under these rules to vote at a general meeting) constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of a general meeting.

C. If within half an hour after the appointed time for the commencement of a general meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting:

- 1) if convened on the requisition of members, is to be dissolved, and
- 2) in any other case, is to stand adjourned to the same day in the following week at the same times and (unless another place is specified at the time of the adjournment by the person presiding at the meeting or communicated by written notice to members given before the day to which the meeting is adjourned) at the same place.

RULE 30. Presiding Member

A. The President or, in the President's absence, the Captain, is to preside as Chairperson at each general meeting of the Association.

B. If the President and the Captain are absent or unwilling to act, the members present must elect one of their numbers to preside as chairperson at the meeting.

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RULE 31. Adjournment

- A. The chairperson of a general meeting at which a quorum is present may, with the consent of the majority of members present at the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and place to place, but no businesses to be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting at which the adjournment took place.
- B. If a general meeting is adjourned for 14 days or more, the Secretary must give written or oral notice of the adjourned meeting to each member of the Association stating the place, date and time of the meeting and the nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting.
- C. Except as provided in clauses (A) and (B), notice of an adjournment of a general meeting or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting is not required to be given.

RULE 32. Making of Decisions

- A. A question arising at a general meeting of the Association is to be determined on a show of hands and, unless before or on the declaration of the show of hands a poll is demanded, a declaration by the chairperson that a resolution has, on a show of hands, be carried or carried unanimously or carried by a particular majority or lost, or an entry to that effect in the minute book of the Association, is evidence of the fact without proof of the number of proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against that resolution.
- B. At a general meeting of the Association, a poll may be demanded by the chairperson or by at least three members present in person or by proxy at the meeting.
- C. If a poll is demanded at a general meeting, the poll must be taken:
 - 1) Immediately in the case of a poll which relates to the election of the chairperson of the meeting or to the question of an adjournment, or
 - 2) in any other case, in such manner and at such time before the close of the meeting as the chairperson directs, and the resolution of the poll on the matter is taken to be the resolution of the meeting on that matter.

RULE 33. Special Resolution

- A. A resolution of the Association is a Special Resolution;
 - 1) if it is passed by a majority which comprises at least three-quarters of such members of the Association as, being entitled under these

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rules so to do, vote in person or by proxy at a general meeting of which at least 21 days' written notice specifying the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution was given in accordance with these rules, or

- 2) where it is made to appear to the Commissioner that it is not practicable for the resolution to be passed in the manner specified in paragraph (1), if the resolution is passed in a manner specified by the Commissioner.

RULE 34. Voting

- A. On any question arising at a general meeting of the Association a member has one vote only.
- B. All votes must be given personally or by proxy but no member may hold more than five proxies.
- C. In the case of an equality of votes on a question at a general meeting, the chairperson of the meeting is entitled to exercise a second or casting vote.
- D. A member or proxy is not entitled to vote at any general meeting of the Association unless all money due and payable by the member or proxy to the Association has been paid, other than the amount of the annual subscription payable in respect of the then current year.

RULE 35. Appointment of Proxies

- A. Each member is to be entitled to appoint another member as proxy by notice given to the Secretary no later than 24 hours before the time of the meeting in respect of which the proxy is appointed.
- B. The notice appointing the proxy is to be in the form set out in Appendix 2 to these rules.
- C. Model rules for incorporated association

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PART 5 – MISCELLANEOUS

RULE 36. Insurance

- A. The Association may effect and maintain insurance.

RULE 37. Fund - Source

- A. annual subscriptions of members, donations and, subject to any resolution passed by the Association in general meeting, such other sources as the committee determines.
- B. All money received by the Association must be deposited as soon as practicable and without deduction to the credit of the Association's bank account.
- C. The Association must, as soon as practicable after receiving the money, issue an appropriate receipt.

RULE 38. Fund - Management

- A. Subject to any resolution passed by the Association in general meeting, the funds of the Association are to be used in pursuance of the objects of the Association in such manner as the Committee determines.
- B. All cheques, drafts, bills of exchange, promissory notes and other negotiable instruments must be signed by any two members of the Committee or employees of the Association, being members or employees authorised to do so by the Committee.

RULE 39. Alteration of Objects and Rules

- A. The statement of objects and these rules may be altered, rescinded or added to only by a Special Resolution of the Association.

RULE 40. Common Seal

- A. The Common Seal of the Association must be kept in the custody of the Public Officer.
- B. The Common Seal must not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of the Committee and the affixing of the Common Seal must be attested by the signatures either of two members of the Committee or of one member of the Committee and of the Public Officer or Secretary.

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RULE 41. Custody of Books

- A. Except as otherwise provided by these rules, the Public Officer must keep in his or her custody or under his or her control all records, books and other documents relating to the Association.

RULE 42. Inspection of Books

- A. The records, books and other documents of the Association must be open to inspection, free of charge, by a member of the Association at any reasonable hour.

RULE 43. Service of Notices

- A. For the purposes of these rules, a notice may be served on or given to a person:
- 1) by delivering it to the person personally, or
 - 2) by sending it by pre-paid post to the address of the person, or
 - 3) by sending it by facsimile transmission or some other form of electronic transmission to an address specified by the person for giving or serving the notice.
- B. For the purpose of these rules, a notice is taken, unless the contrary is proved, to have been given or serviced:
- 1) in the case of a notice given or served personally, on the date on which it is received by the addressee, and
 - 2) in the case of a notice sent by pre-paid post, on the date when it would have been delivered in the ordinary course of post, and
 - 3) in the case of a notice sent by facsimile transmission or some other form of electronic transmission, on the date it was sent, or if the machine from which the transmission was sent produces a report indicating that the notice was sent on a later date, on that date.